

Deploying OpenFlow @Google

Subhasree Mandal October 17, 2011

Outline



- What we did
- Challeges on the way
- Case study
 - Integration with legacy protocols
 - Time sensitivity
 - Fault tolerance: OFC failover
- Questions?

What We Did



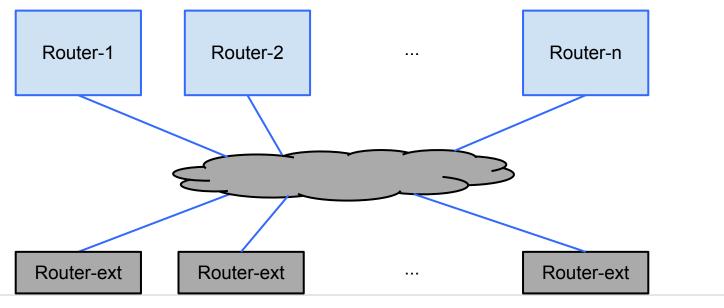
- Built an experimental network
 - WAN functionality with OpenFlow
 - Proactive flow programming
- Why
 - Utilize more powerful compute resources
 - Supports easier upgrade, experimental features
 - Target loop-free, sequenced, centralized routing
 - Enables advanced features like centralized TE

Challenges

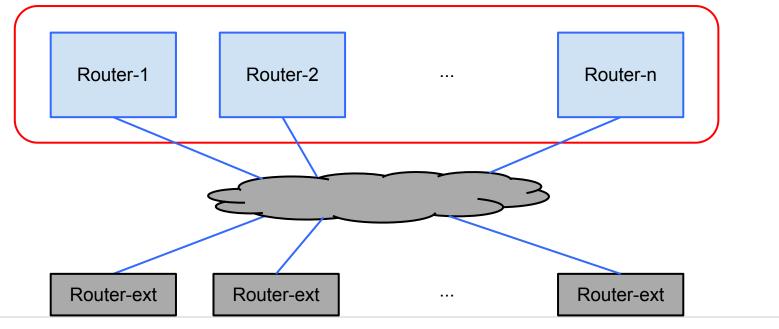


- Lagacy system:
 - Protocol speaking neighbors
 - Gradual phase out
- Speed mismatch between fast controller and slow embedded devices
- Fault tolerence: distributed vs centralized paradigm

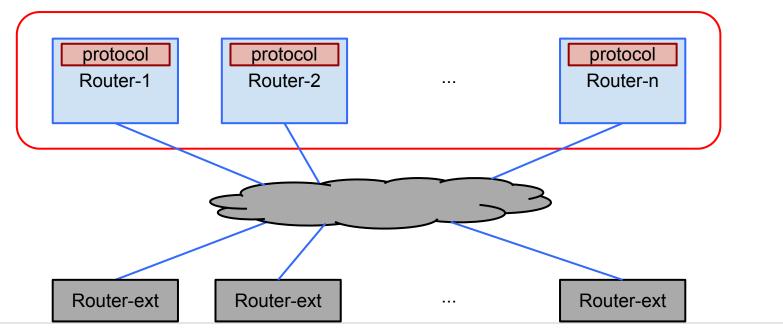




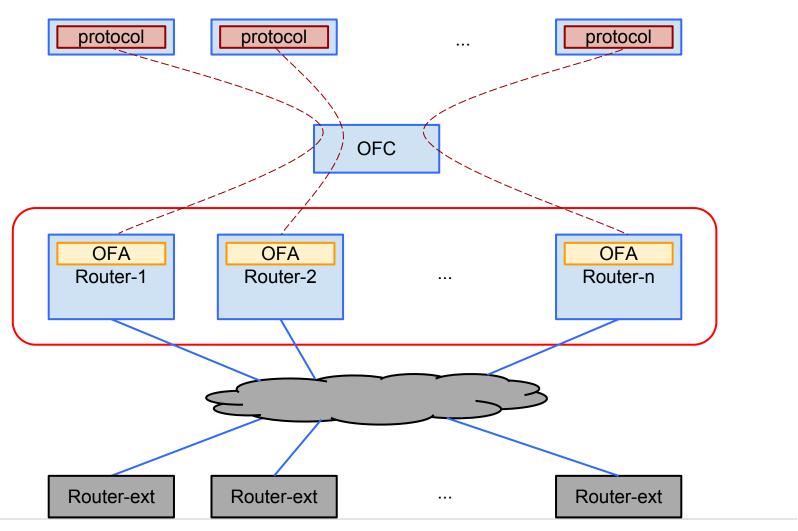




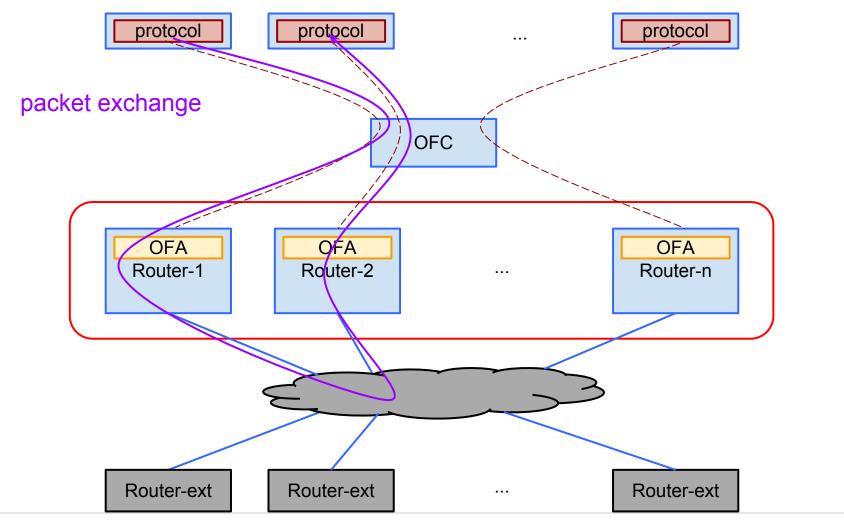




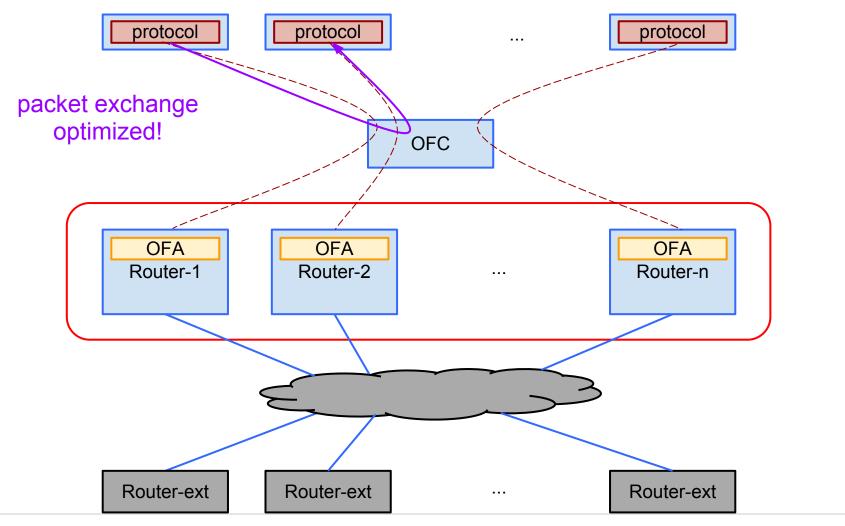




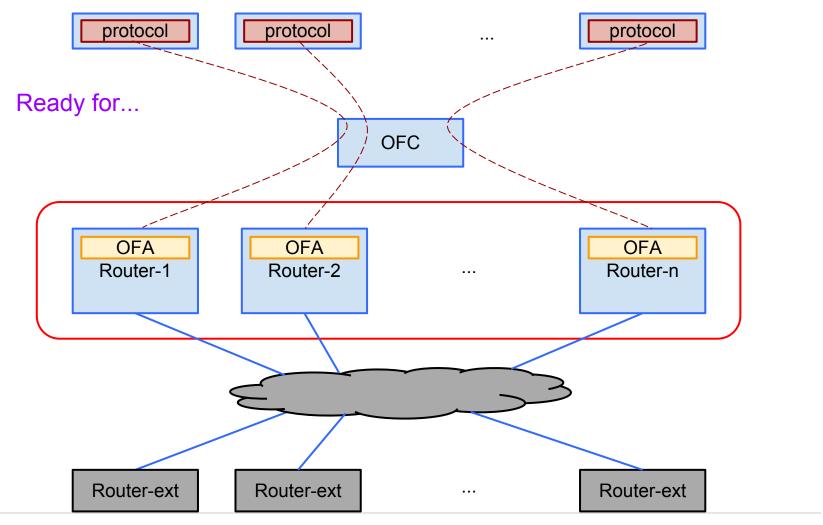




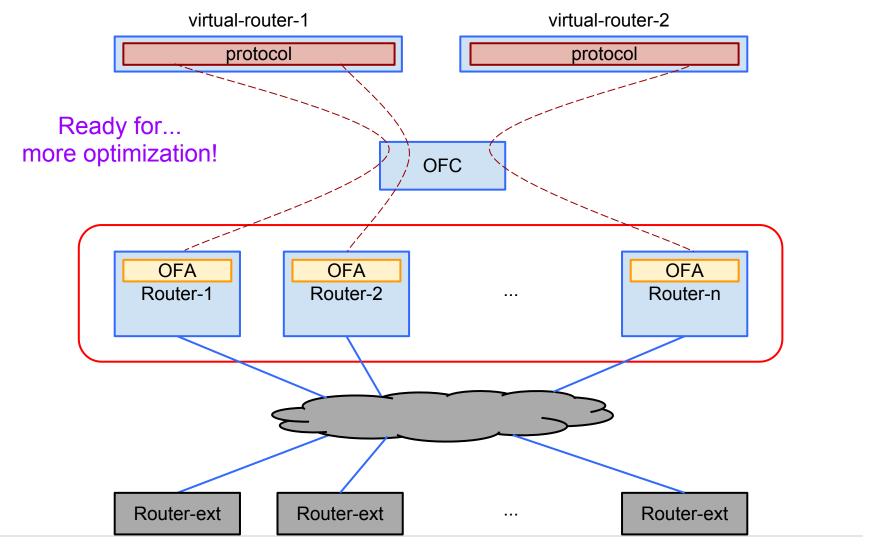














- Start with legacy routing protocol
- Retain backward-compatibility with neighbors
- Move to semicentralized approach: piecewise upgrade
- Gradually consolidate protocol stacks
 - Centralize intra-domain routing
 - Protocol spoken only to external neighbors

Fewer virtual routers to manage eventually



controller

Fast!

embedded device

Slow! Programs Chips!



controller

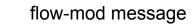
Fast!

embedded device

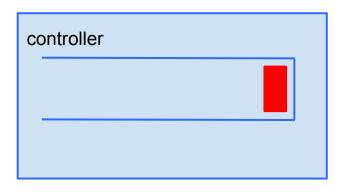
Slow! Programs Chips!

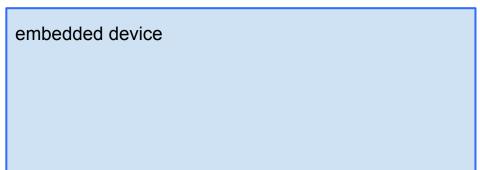


packet-out message



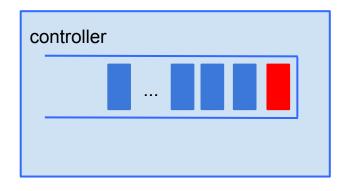


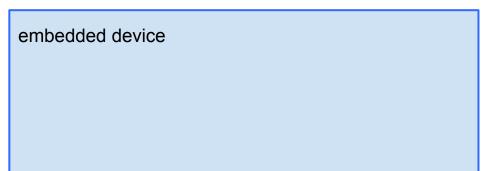




packet-out message flow-mod message

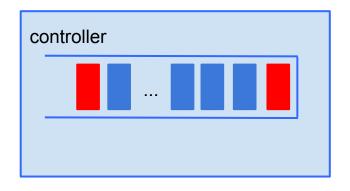


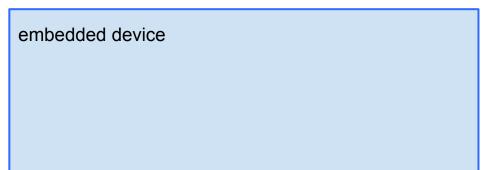




packet-out message flow-mod message

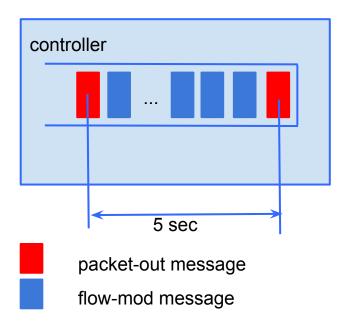






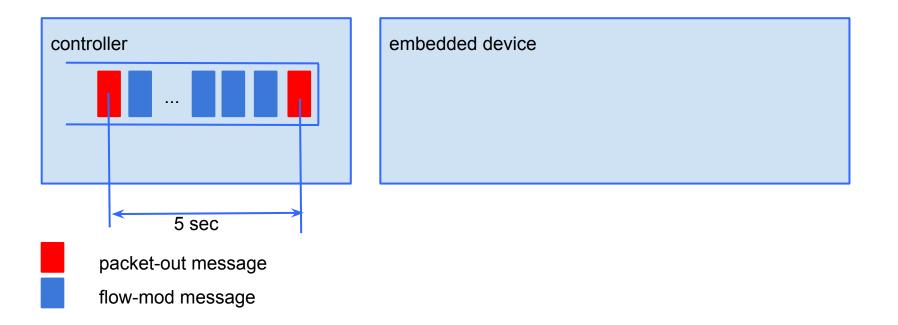
packet-out message flow-mod message





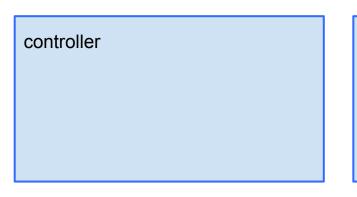
embedded device





Fast controller enqueuing packets behind flow-mods

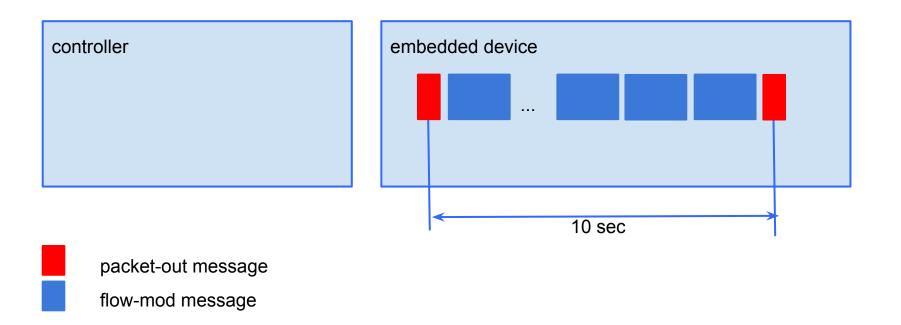






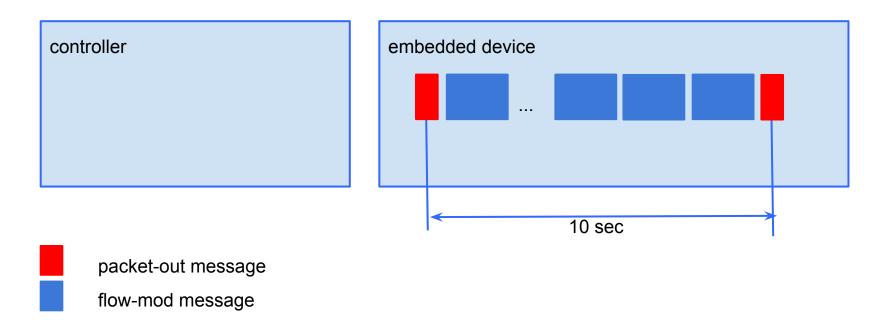
- packet-out message flow-mod message
- Fast controller enqueuing packets behind flow-mods





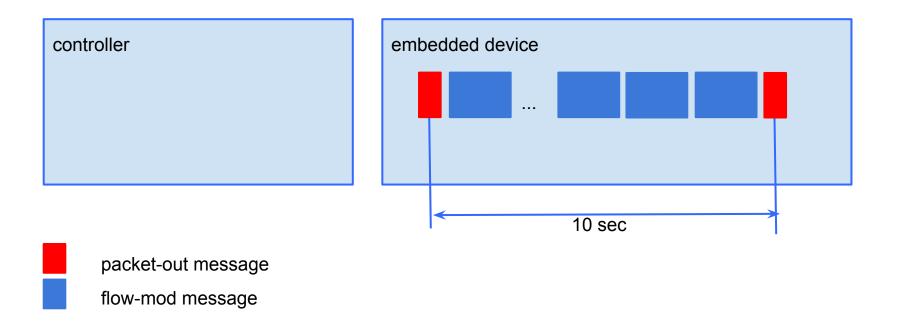
Fast controller enqueuing packets behind flow-mods





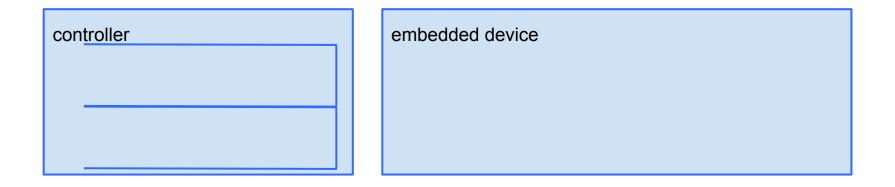
- Fast controller enqueuing packets behind flow-mods
- Slow embedded processor programming hardware





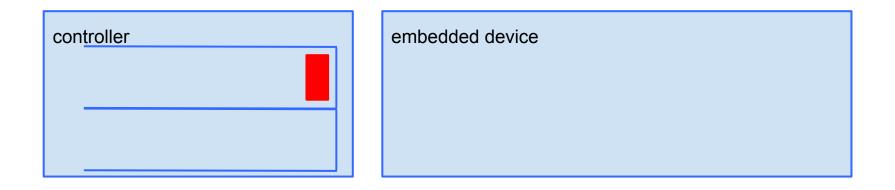
- Fast controller enqueuing packets behind flow-mods
- Slow embedded processor programming hardaware
- Time sensitive protocol packets may get delayed





- packet-out message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues

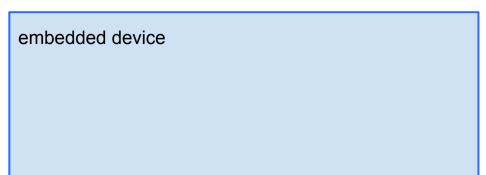




- packet-out message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues



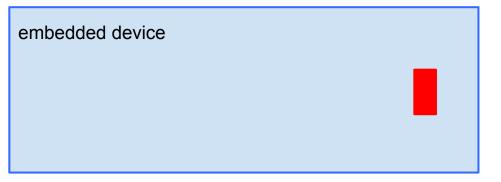




- packet-out message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues

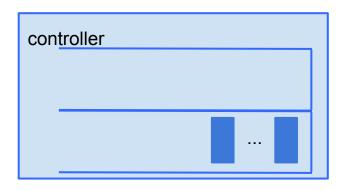






- packet-out message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues



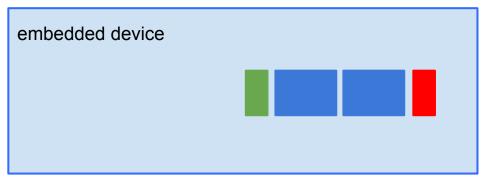




- packet-out message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues







- packet-out message barrier message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues
- Flow control using barriers: limit #outstanding flow-mod







- packet-out message barrier message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues
- Flow control using barriers: limit #outstanding flow-mod

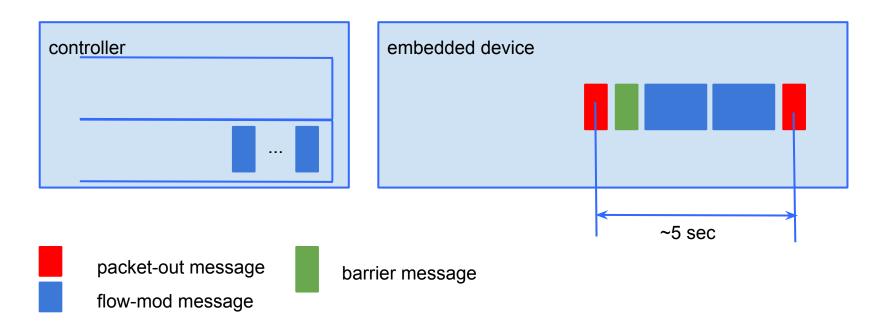






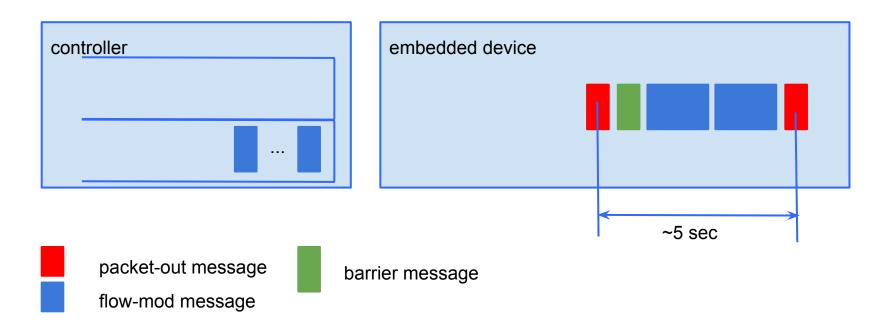
- packet-out message barrier message flow-mod message
- Maintain separate queues
- Flow control using barriers: limit #outstanding flow-mod





- Maintain separate queues
- Flow control using barriers: limit #outstanding flow-mod





- Maintain separate queues
- Flow control using barriers: limit #outstanding flow-mod
 - TCP pipe will contribute to buffering
- Better interleaving due to prioritization



- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?



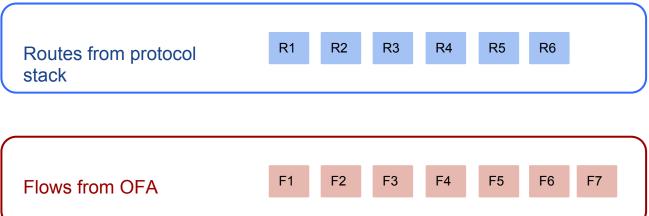
- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?





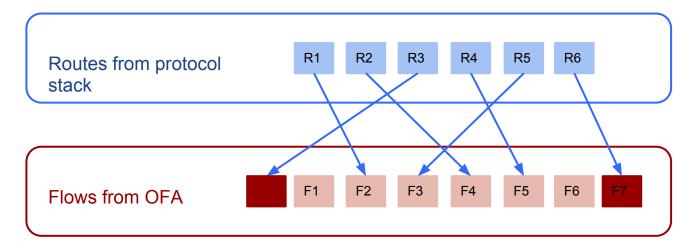
- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?

Authoritative



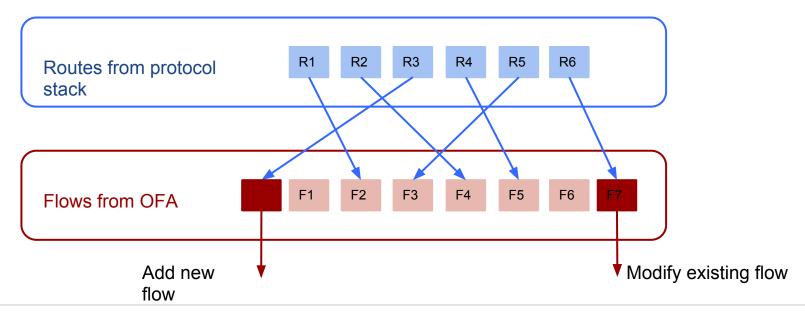


- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?



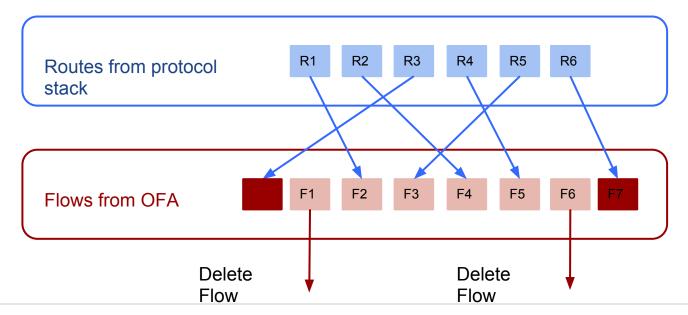


- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?



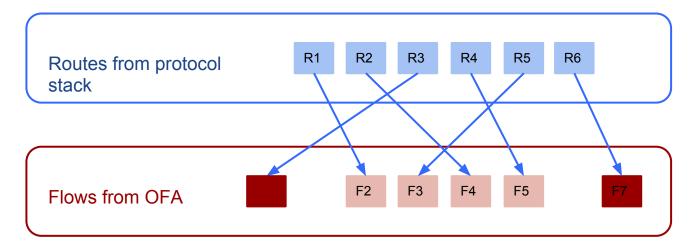


- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?





- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?





- Master/Slave OFC for fault tolarence
- After failover new master needs to rebuild state
 - Gets all routes from protocol stack
 - Gets all flows from OFA
 - How to reconcile without impacting traffic?
 - What if ARPs are not resolved?
 - What if flows use indirect nexthops/groups?
 - How to scale this for many routers?

Thank you!



Questions?